TO AID THE SCHOOLS

Virginia Will Devote Poll 'Tax to the Purpose.

ACTION OF SUFFRAGE COMMITTEE

Means Half Million Annually for Public Education.

OTHER CONVENTION NEWS

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

RICHMOND, Va., July 16.-By a vote of 11 to 10 the suffrage committee today de cided that the poli tax of \$2 already agreed upon shall be divided equally between the state and the county in which it is collected. The entire fund is to be expended in the improvement and maintenance of the public schools. The average vote in Virginia for the past ten years has been about 325,000. With the imposition of the poll tax the vote will be reduced to about 255,000. This will give over \$500,000 annually to the schools of the state.

The advocates of the prevailing sentiment in the committee said that with the present amount appropriated for schools increased by the poll tax fund. Virginia would have the best and most efficient sysem of public instruction in the south The committee on education, with this additional money to draw from, will provide for a complete reorganization of the chools. The closeness of the vote in the ommittee was occasioned from the fact that many of the members held that 50 cents of the tax should be given to the respective counties for general expenses. This fund, it was urged, could be best expended in the improvement of the public

Prepayment Proposition Lost.

After the committee had decided upon the distribution of the poll tax Delegate ister. M. Baudin was not hit and proceed-Moore proposed that prepayment of all taxes, state and federal, be made a necessary qualification for exercising the right of suffrage. He spoke at some length on the subject, and urged that the wealthy tax dodger should be made to subscribe to the same rule that is proposed to apply to the poor voter.

Mr. Moore was strongly seconded by Delegate Hamilton of Petersburg. Mr. Flood opposed the proposition, claiming that it would be an unjust discrimination against the property owners of the state. He said that the law already made the payment of taxes compulsory, and that the proposition of Mr. Moore was useless. Delegates Lindsay and Anderson concurred in the latter opinion. The proposi-tion was lost by a vote of 14 to 5. The next proposition that will be considered by the committee is the property qualification. A total of ninety members were on hand when the convention met today at noon, and for twenty-five minutes the members deliberated. The attendance of visitors was much larger today than for some

ter Glass of Lynchburg were reported con-fined to their homes by illness, and leaves of absence were granted them for one President Goode called the body to order

promptly at noon, prayer being offered by the Rev. Dr. John Pollard of the Baptist

President Goode laid before the body an invitation from Lee Camp of Confederate Veterans to visit the portrait gallery at their convenience and to attend the meetings of the camp, and, on motion of Senator Daniel, the invitation was accepted with thanks

Questions of Population.

Mr. Moore of Fairfax, from the legislas advanced reports of the last census in Virginia by cities and counties, giving the use of the convention.

resolution calling on the auditor for infor- Michael, and the balance has gone up the mation as to population of cities and counles of the state for the years 1860, 1870 1880, 1800 and 1900, together with the amount of personal and real property owned by whites and blacks, and the total of taxes paid by the races. The resolution Mr. Anderson stated that information was for use in apportioning members of the legislature. Mr. Hunton of Fauquier, from the judiciary committee, presented a statement giv-

ng the cost of the present judiciary of the state. It was ordered printed.

Mr. Hunton presented and the convention adopted a resolution calling on clerks of ized statements of the amount paid judges and commonwealth attorneys in the following counties and cities: Alleghany, Greenesville, Isle-of-Wight Matthews, Northampton Prince George, Pulaski, Shenandoah and Southampton, Lynchburg, Norfolk, Ports

Moore Steals a March.

Delegate T. L. Moore of Montgomer stole a march on the democrats today by presenting a resolution on the fellow-ser vants' doctrine, as laid down by the present court of appeals. The resolution recites that corporations have rights which should be maintained and respected, and that labor has equal rights which should be

public good, and concludes that the doctrine of fellow servantcy as now establish-ed in this state by the decisions of the supreme court of appeals be, and is hereby, abolished; that suitable constitutional provisions be made that will forever prevent the re-establishment of the fellow-servantcy law as now administered by the ourts in this state, and "that in framing this provision of the constitution it shall be made so explicit that nothing shall be left to the uncertainty of legislative enact-

The convention adjourned at 12:25.

SUPPLIES FOR PHILIPPINES. Transport to Take Lumber and

age From Puget Sound. SEATTLE, Wash., July 16 .- The transport Algoa, chartered on tonnage basis by the quartermaster, to carry forage to the Philippines, is expected to arrive in Port

Townsend tonight. She left San Francisco Saturday. The Algoa is to call at Port Blakely and Port Gamble prior to coming to Seattle. She will take on 400,000 feet of jumber at each place for the orient. Ar-riving here Saturday the Algoa will load 3,000 tons of hay and grain for Manila. She will take on a part of her government load at Tacoma and will sail within a week

EPWORTH LEAGUERS GATHERING Special Trains Pouring Into the Convention City.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16.-Special Epworth League trains arrived at half hourly intervals throughout the day. All of them were behind schedule time, owing to unavoidable delays, but it is confidently exreach here before the opening of the consection of the great chorus, numbering 750 the latter traveling in a fine train of Pullmans, reached their destination early Church tomorrow evening. Over 3.000 dele west are due to arrive today. The arrang ments for meeting and providing accommodations for the visitors are working without a hitch, and all indications point to an enthusiastic and harmonious convenCLASH BETWEEN OFFICIALS.

Philippine Provincial Governor to Make Statement—Punishing Criminals MANILA, July 16 .- H. Phelps Whitmarsh, governor of Benguet province, who was recently ordered to Manila for investigation of certain charges against him, is writing a statement in his own defense for | The Removal of Collector of Internal submission to the United States commission, denying some and making explanations of others of the allegations against him. Whether or not he is exonerated, it is considered that it will be difficult for him and Otto Scherer, secretary of the province, together to govern the province successfully, the two officials having clash-

MEXICAN TRAIN ATTACKED.

the Offenders.

railroad was attacked recently by a large

force of armed men at Tierra Blanca, a

small station. Seven men on the train were

reached Cordova a force of rurales was sent to the scene and is now in pursuit of the mob. The cause of the attack is not

known here. It is said to have been made

by men who were formerly employed in the

TO ATTRACT HIS ATTENTION.

French Woman Used a Revolver Near

M. Baudin's Carriage.

PARIS, July 16.-P. Baudin, minister of

public works, was shot at while driving to

a cabinet meeting at the Elysee Palace to-

day. The author of the attempt upon the

life of M. Baudin was a woman, who was

accompanied by a ten-year-old child. She

approached M. Baudin's carriage and sud-

denly drawing a revolver, fired at the min-

The woman was arrested and gave her

name as Olgewska, and said she lived at

Nanterre. Madame Olgewska asserts that

she had no intention of hitting M. Baudin,

but that she fired her revolver in the air to draw attention to an alleged grievance of her husband. Her husband is described

as Count Olgewska, a naturalized French-

man, holding a government receivership in the neighborhood of Paris. He believes he

WHOLESALE KILLING.

Pitched Battle Between Mexican and

Negro Railroad Hands.

HEREFORD, Texas, July 16.-Word

reached this place yesterday of a pitched

battle and wholesale killing, between Mexi-

cans and negroes who are working on the

new Rock Island extension in Mexico, 100

some weeks ago. The authorities under-

took to arrest the assailant, but his friends

interfered and they were obliged to with-

draw. Last week some thirty-five or forty

Mexicans armed themselves with Win-

chesters and went after the negro. A bat-

tle took place, in which fifteen negroes were killed and several wounded. The casualties among the Mexicans cannot be

learned. The trouble occurred at Spencer's railroad camp, near Liberty, N. M., in a

sparsely settled portion of the territory, where police officers are few and the law is not rigidly enforced.

GOLD FROM THE KLONDIKE.

Shipments Already Reach \$5,000,000-

SEATTLE, Wash., July 16.-Late advices

from Dawson, under date of June 28, state

that the gold shipments to the outside this

year have amounted to \$5,000,000 to date

Over \$3,000,000 of this sum went down the

Yukon and is going out by the way of St.

The Bank of British America is this year

shipping down the Yukon and the Cana-

dian Bank of Commerce is shipping in the

opposite direction. These are the only banks doing business in the camp.

News has just been brought from the

that a placer strike has been made on Lake

source of the Hootalingua. No particulars

fruit are selling in Dawson at exceedingly

low rates, and traders are losing money

Cherries, peaches, apples and other fresh

Wesley Brawdy, aged twenty-two, was swept from a raft on the Yukon river a

short distance above Dawson last week

J. W. Lowes, a native of Toronto and a

esident of British Columbia, was drowned

Orin D. Merryman, a native of Marys-ille, Mo., was accidentally drowned at

Eagle July 2 by the capsizing of his canoe

CONVICTED AT LAST.

Notorious Wyoming Sheep Stealer

Who Has Had Fourteen Trials.

CASPER, Wyo., July 16.-Manuel Ar-

menta has been convicted here of stealing

sheep. He has been tried fourteen times

in three counties for larceny. In these

and his followers are said to have driven

the range cattle business out of this sec-tion. He is a half-breed Mexican and

KANSAS NOT RUINED.

Farmers Who Have Stored Corn Will

TOPEKA, Kan., July 16.-F. D. Coburn,

secretary of the state board of agriculture.

does not share in the general opinion that

ruin will come upon Kansas as a result of

the present dry spell. The damage to hay

and corn has been serious, but the defi-ciency will be nearly made up by the great

900,000 acres of Kaffir corn and alfalfa in

the state which have not been materially

affected by the dry weather. In addition

to this there are 40,000,000 bushels of old

corn in the farmers' hands. This of itself

The farmer who has stored his corn for

the last two years will not be seriously

WICHITA, Kansas, July 16.-Fire today

destroyed the packing plant of Jacob Dold

and Sons in this city. Four large buildings

were burned, together with about seven

million pounds of meat in process of prep

The loss is estimated at \$650,000; insur-

Four men were severely hurt by a fall-

Later estimates placed the loss at \$1,00,000. Employes numbering 350 ar

Spontaneous combustion is supposed to

have started the fire, which originated in

the lard house. Although every effort was made to check the flames they continued

to spread and, after four hours, the entire

Death of Mrs. Hay.

J. Hay and mother of Colonel Edwin B.

Hay, the well-known Washington attorney, died in this city yesterday. Funeral serv-ices over her remains will be held at her

late residence, 1727 T street northwest,

Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. The in-

His Fine Paid.

Edward Hancock, who was fined \$220

oday upon his confession of several

thefts from the Baltimore and Potomac

Railroad Company, came into court later in the day and paid the amount of the as-

sessment and was released from custody.

Mrs. Ann Virginia Hay, wife of William

nearly a fourth of the average crop.

Mr. Coburn states that there are

of Kaffir corn and alfalfa that have

Not Be Crippled.

his home just south of the Hole

near Big Salmon a few days ago.

Hams, potatoes, cream and all kinds of

been received.

fruits are plentiful.

in the Wall country.

been raised.

aration

ing wall.

ance about \$400 000

plant was in ruins.

plant will be rebuilt at once.

construction of the road.

ed to the Elysee Palace.

ministry of foreign affairs.

As soon as news of the attack

ment for life.

or imprisoned.

licans of Kentucky and the other members of that party, known as the independent republicans, are each putting on a smiling The insurgent General Gebarro, with sevface and making certain strenuous appeals enty men, has surrendered to the authorito President McKinley, and while the Presties at Legaspi, Albay province. ident is holding his peace the breach be-Gen. Aquino, who has been proved to be responsible for the murder of five captive tween the two factions is rapidly assuming soldiers of the twelfth United States Infantry, has been sentenced to imprisonthe nature of a bottomless pit.

To the outside world the fight presents a situation of unique interest, as the inde-Many native murderers have been hanged pendent movement partakes in a striking manner of the nature of the McLaurin contest in South Carolina, and is being opposed not by democrats, as in that in Seven Men Killed-Rurales Pursuing stance, but by the old republican machine of the state. The latter claims the indul-ST. LOUIS, July 16 .- a special to the gence of the President because of past ef-Globe-Democrat from Cordova, Mexico, fective work, and the former presents a new growth along lines which it is under stood the President has quietly indorsed. A train on the Vera Cruz and Pacific

AND INDEPENDENTS.

Revenue Sapp at Louisville a

Direct Issue.

The Direct Issue. The direct issue between the two factions s whether Charles E. Sapp, internal revenue collector of the fifth Kentucky district shall continue to hold his office or be removed. Mr. Sapp is conceded to be the republican boss of Louisville, and a power throughout the state because of his thorough understanding of machine politics Two years ago he successfully warded off an attack on his official position by the civil service commission, which made a report to the President that he was using his office to further his own political interests and to influence elections, contrary to the spirit and letter of the civil service law. This recommendation, however, the President has as yet not acted upon, allaw. though it was again called to his attention last cabinet meeting held at the White House. Still further emphasis was laid on the matter a few days ago when Representative Boreing, republican, from the eleventh district, went to Canton to urge the President to turn down Mr. Sapp and appoint J. A. Craft to succeed him. Mr. Craft is considered in every sense to be a prototype of McLaurin, so far as politics is concerned. He has recently bolted the gold democratic organization in Kentucky and is considered a valuable acquisition to the ranks of the growing independent republican party.

To Appeal to the President. Since Mr. Boreing went to Canton pre-

dictions have appeared in Kentucky newsis being deprived of money due him by the papers to the effect that Mr. Sapp's days were numbered as a beneficiary of the government. This claim has aroused Mr. Sapp to action, and it is understood that Senator Deboe and Representative Irwin of the ages to Canton in the near future and endeavor to convince the President as to the inadvisability of taking action in the Sapp matter. If the President ignores them al-together Mr. Sapp will continue in office, as there is no expiration of his term, and unless a successor is appointed he will conmiles west of here. The trouble originated in the killing of a Mexican by a negro

tinue to draw his salary.

In the meantime the Louisville election is drawing near, and also the elections for of the state legislature, which will elect a successor to Senator Deboe, and upon the skillful manipuation of the ter will largely depend the result in these

John W. Yerkes, internal revenue commissioner, is being placed by his friends in the column against Sapp. Mr. Yerkes, however, is maintaining a silence subject which he declines to break.

A WORTHY ASSISTANT LOST.

Gen. Gillespie's Tribute to the Late

office. He gives a brief sketch of his official life and pays the following tribute to the deceased: "During Mr. Warren's long public service

he was untiring in the discharge of his duties and faithful to every trust committed any of the American troops serving in the clerkship in this office he brought with him a ripe experience, and the administration of affairs under his direction was eminentwhile his intercourse with those serving partiality and with a kindly spirit which evoked the admiration of all with whom he came in contact.

"He was a gentleman of the highest character, and in his death this office loses the services of a valuable and worthy assist-

DESERTIONS FROM THE NAVY.

Many Enlisted Men Tired of Their New Life on Shipboard. It is reported that many enlisted men of the navy, chiefly landsmen, have deserted yard within the past week or so. Most of the desertions are from the training ships Dixie and Buffalo, which are fitting out for long cruises, but there has also been a number from the receiving ship Vermont. Landsmen generally desert because they find their first experience on a warship not altogether to the liking, while veteran jackies frequently overstay their shore leave and are afraid to return to their ships. The punishment in such cases is somewhat severe. Sixty-one men attached to the Dixie were reported absent yesterdeserted cannot be determined until the leaves of absence of all have expired. An many of the sailors gained their liberty by scaling a 12-foot wall on the Clinton ave-

reach the top and then drop to the ground on the outside. PRESIDENT'S COURSE JUSTIFIED. Many Innocent Lives Saved

nue side of the navy yard during the night time. A lot of lumber piled against the in-side of the wall enabled the deserters to

It is now apparent from mail reports which have just reached the State Department from China that it was solely through the moderation and humanity exercised by the United States representatives at Pekin, by the President's direction in the early negotiations for a settlement reports show that a more sober and painstaking inquiry has developed the fact that ome of the Chinese officials supposed to have been connected with the Boxer outrages, whose capital punishment was demanded by the foreign ministers, have been proved to be entirely innocent of the cases proof has been adduced that the offenses with which the Chinese officials were harged were not nearly so grave as was at first supposed by the foreign representa-tives in Pekin. Therefore it is regarded here by officials as a matter for congratu-lation that Messrs. Conger and Rockhill moved with deliberation and acted as a restraining influence in the matter of punish ments, for not only were these lives saved but, under their influence, the whole list of capital sentences was reduced from ten to four, and mitigation of other offense was obtained.

Ransom Yancey Missing Inquiry has been made of the police con-

cerning Ransom Yancey, colored, sixty years old, of Danville, Va. Relatives of the man, who live in Baltimore, in a communication to the police department, kives the information that Yancey was last seen at the Pennsylvania railroad station in this city about two weeks ago, when he was sick. The police fail to find that they had person in any of the local hospitals

Former Senator Pugh of Alabama, who has been quite ill at his residence in this daily gain in strength.

KENTUCKY REPUBLICANS GREAT WAR MACHINE ALONG THE RIVER FRONT

TROUBLE BETWEEN THE MACHINE Col. Wantanabe Discusses the Japan-

TALK WITH NEW MILITARY ATTACHE

What are known as the machine repub-Best European Systems Carefully Copied.

THOROUGHLY UP TO DATE

Lieut. Col. Wantanabe, the first representative of the Japanese army to be accredited to Washington as military attache, arrived today and reported to the Japanese legation. He is a type of the Japanese officer, of stocky build, wiry and alert. Although not serving in the recent military operations in China, he was there during the Japan-China war, and witnessed the heavy fighting around Port Arthur and Wei-hai-wei. When seen at the Japanese legation today he gave an interesting outline of the development of the modern Japanese army and its fighting organization.

Best Systems Copied. "The present military system of Japan is thoroughly modern," said he, "and is similar to the best European systems, those of Germany being followed to a considerable extent. The present system was adopted some twenty-five years ago, and has gradually been perfected, until there is not a remnant of the old native fighting forces. The peace footing is from 70,000 to 80,000 men, with a war footing about double that number, and reserves which can be called upon to an almost unlimited number. The army is divided into thirteen divisions, with a general in command of each. We have three field marshals—Yamagata, Prince Komatsu and Oyama-whose duties are chiefly of an advisory character, and are not directly connected with the service in the field. Besides these we have three generals of high rank—Nodzu, Sakuma and Kuraki who taken a service affects. Kuroki—who take part in military affairs, and are superior to the generals of division. "Our military administration is much like that in European and American armies. The headquarters staff has general charge of military information, and concerns itself with the larger questions of warfare, strategy and plans of campaign. The war department carries on the administration of the commissary and other branches, there being no distinction in our service between the commissary and quartermaster depart-

Most Modern Equipment. "The Japanese troops are armed and equipped with the most modern devices of warfare, the latest rapid-fire inventions being added about three years ago. The principal fieldpiece is a five-inch gun, and with this are mountain guns and rapid-fire pieces. Our rifle is distinctively a Japanese weapon, made in our own arsenals and weapon, made in our own arsenas and combining the best features of the other most effective weapons. It is breech-loading, the opening of the breech expelling the exploded shell. Not only are our rifles and other small arms made at home, but all the heavy gunstare thow being manufac-tured in Japanese arsenals. The arsenal at Tokyo furnishes the tifles and ammunition, and the other at-Osaka turns out the field guns, mountain guns and seacoast batteries. We have adopted smokeless powder, which is used for rifle fire as well as for ordnance

Well-Drilled Soldiery.

"Our soldiers are well-drilled, and experience has shown them to be capable of great mobility. The regular uniform is a designate the infantry, artillery, cavalry, cargo. General Gillespie, chief of engineers, has engineers and commissary. The troops re-issued a circular announcing the death of cently sent to China, were furnished with white made our memia conspicuous mark, and the color will probably give way to a The men serving in ep off the rays of the sun.

east, but we hear much of them, and the lendid appearance, courage and fighting ability. I am glad, to say, too, that there is the most friendly feeling between the Japanese and American soldiers, and this has frequently been shown during the re-cent co-operation of the allies in China."

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Report of Apportionment to Diem Employes.

The committee appointed by the District Commissioners to apportion leave of absence with pay to per diem employes, consisting of Dr. W. C. Woodward, the health officer; Mr. Warner Stutler, the superintendent of the street cleaning department, and Mr. Moncure Burke of the engineer department, has submitted its report. The District appropriation act of March 2, 1895 provides "that the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized hereafter, in their discretion, to grant leave of absence, not to exceed thirty days to any individual in any fiscal year, to regular employes appointed directly by the Commissioners and paid out of general appropria-tions, and whose service is continuous, but who receive per diem compensation." committee recommends as follows:

That each such employe who was ployed one year or more prior to July 1 1901, be granted ten days' leave of absence with pay; that each such employe who was employed more than six month less than one year prior to July 1. 1901, be granted six days' leave of absence with pay, and that each such employe who has been in the service six months or less, but who was appointed prior to July 1, 1901, be granted one day leave of absence

ESTIMATES OF ENGINEERS.

Money Needed for River and Harbor The annual reports of the engineers in charge of river and harbor work began to arrive at the War Department today. Heretofore the estimates and recommenda-

tions of the local engineers have not been made public until the estimates were sent to Congress, but this year this restriction The annual report upon the improvement of the Hudson river and the harbors there-

on, of the rivers and harbors in northeastern New Jersey, on Long Island sound, on the southern shore of Long Island and of Harlem and East rivers was the first to be

INSPECTION IN CUBA.

Board of Officers Appointed to Meet atilHavana.

A board of officers, to consist of Lieuten-ant Commander Lucien Young, United States navy; Captain Chauncey B. Baker, United States infantry, chief quartermaster, and First Lieutenant Rush S. Wells. 8th Cavalry, has been ordered to meet at Havana to inspect the lighters Mocha and Bartley, now serving in the harbor of Havana, and to report upon their unsuitability for the public service. The board is to fix the minimum price at which the government should offer them for sale.

Another order from the department of Cuba directs Major Harry F. Hodges, Corps of Engineers, chief engineer of the depart-ment, to proceed to the provinces of San-tiago and Santa Clara to examine all school houses and public works at such points as shall be indicated to him by the military

Dr. G. W. West, the physician who was recently stricken by the heat and removed to the Columbian University Hospital, remains there without very much change for tion. He was reported yesterday as being city, is reported to be very much better. in a critical condition, but today it was stated at the hospital that there had been

SLOOP ESSIE GROUNDED TO SAVE HER FROM SINKING.

Springs Leak in Deep Water-Police Boat Vigilant to Have New Rudder.

As the little sloop Essie, laden with scrap iron from Quantico for Alexandria, was coming up the river yesterday morning it was discovered that she was leaking rapidly. The pumps were rigged and an effort was made to free her with them, but the water continued to gain, and to keep her from sinking she was run in the shoal water upon Greenway flats until she grounded. An examination showed the water was coming n around the center board well, and the leak was caulked. The sloop was then pumped out and arrived at Alexandria yesterday evening. Her cargo is consigned to

Drifuse & Co. When the harbor police boat Vigilant was hauled out on the marine railway of the Winship, Meredith Company at George-town, a few days ago, it was discovered that the stock of her wooden rudder was badly broken, so as not to be worth the cost of repairing. It has been removed and Harbormaster Sutton has given Messrs. Wm. A. Moore's Sons of Alexandria the This will be completed and ready to go in position by the time the work on the en gine is completed, so that the broken rud der will cause no loss of time in having the Vigilant ready for service. It is expected she will go into commission again about August 1.

The fish market at the 11th street wharf was but scantily supplied with fish this morning, and the varieties on hand were few. The demand was excellent, and prices have advanced generally. This morning gray trout sold at \$5 to \$6 per barrel; blue fish at 8.c to 9c, per pound; rock, pan, 8c. to 12c. per pound; rock, boiling, 15c. to 18c. per pound; white perch, 5c. to 10c. per pound, catfish, 15c. to 20c. per bunch; eels and yellow perch, 15c. to 20c. per bunch, and carp, 15c. to 20c. each. Hard crabs are in demand, and are selling at \$1.50 to \$2 per barrel, according to size.

The Passing Craft. The two-masted schooner Emily E. Bur-

ton has sailed for Walkerton, Va., and will load lumber there.

The steamer E. James Tull, with a cargo of about 60,000 feet of pine lumber from Aquia creek, has arrived in port for T. R. Riley, Church & Stephenson and others. The schooner John R. P. Moore, having completed the unloading of her cargo of lumber, has sailed for Norfolk to reload. The longboat Lottie Carter has arrived in port with a cargo of cordwood from the ower river for Messrs. Carter & Clark. The schooner C. J. Howeth has be docked at the wharf of Wm. A. Smoot & Co. at Alexandria to unload a cargo of grain from the lower river.

The schooner Freddie L. Hamblin from

this port passed through the Dismal Swamn canal yesterday, en route to North Caro-The schooner Thomas B. Travers arrived in port yesterday with a full cargo of pine boards from Norfolk for T. W. Smith. The large schooner Francis M., now loading on a cargo of soft coal at Georgetown for a New England port, will, it is expect-

ed, be ready to sall tomorrow.

The steamer Kent came into port yesterday from the lower river landings. She brought up a heavy freight of berries, eggs, stock, &c., for the local merchants. The United States revenue cutter Holly is again in port and is lying at the whar foot of O street southwest.

The cargo of lumber on the longboat Five Sisters is consigned to Messrs. Church &

Stephenson. The schooner Oakland is in port with a cargo of cordwood for the local dealers. The two-masted schooner Federal Hill has been docked at the wharf of Herbert dark blue, with various colored stripes to Bryant at Alexandria to discharge her

The sloop Banston is at Reardon's wharf, Alexandria, loading a cargo of bran and mill food for Accomac county Va go of 1,400,000 laths from St. Johns. New in port yesterday evening in tow of the tug Wm. H. Yerkes, jr. Harbor Master John R. Sutton yesterday

evening sold the small boiler and engine which came out of the harbor police boat Vigiant at public auction for \$305 to a local firm. Other material was also sold for about \$60 additional. The price brought excess of what Commodore Sutton expected to obtain.

FOR EXAMINATION.

Judge Names Physicians in Number of Lunacy Cases. Justice Bradley of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia this afternoon

designated and appointed physicians to examine the following persons who are alleged to be of unsound mind: Catharine W Clapp, Sarah R. Davies, Patrick W. Doyle Nathan T. Sinn and Frederick Rest. al white, and Dennis Johnson, Esther Edward and William Ostard, colored.

The orders appointing the physicians are based upon petitions filed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia through Attorney A. Leftwich Sinclair which are in the usual form.

Justice Bradley will hear testimony in support of the allegations of the petitions Friday afternoon next at 1 o'clock, in the oom of Circuit Court, No. 2, city hall. V. Hall and Mary E. Upton will also be nquired into by Justice Bradley Friday These cases were called before Justice until Friday of this week.

All the persons mentioned are now in the Government Hospital for the Insane awaiting the judicial inquiries

Dr. Rosell Berryman of Baltimore is at the Emergency Hospital recovering from an operation performed there a few days ago for localized appendicitis. Dr. Berryman was visiting Dr. John B. Mullins of 1516 H street northwest last week when he was suddenly stricken with the allment it was thought advisable to secure treatment at once. An operation for appea dicitis was accordingly performed by Surgeon in Chief Vaughn of the Emergency staff. Late this aftehnoon Dr. Berryman's condition was imported as improved

Will of William I. Warren. The will of William I. Warren, dated Oc-

tcber 3, 1889, was filed this afternoon for probate. His estate is left to his wife. Edwardina Simms Warren, who is named ex-

By deed recorded today, Edward J. Stellwagen and Charlotte M. Stellwagen, his wife, under a deed of trust from Francis G. Newlands, conveyed to Mabelle Swift Moore, lot 17, square 158, fronting about eighty-two feet on the south side of Mas

streets. The consideration was \$37,422.

Funeral of Ferdinand Schroeder. The funeral services over the body of Ferdinand Schroeder, the cavalryman who died suddenly at the Cosmopolitan Hotel Sunday night or yesterday morning, as published in yesterday's Star, will be held in the chapel at Lee's undertaking establishment at 2 o'clock tomorrow after-noon. The body will be buried at Arling-

etts avenue between 17th and 18th

Vearly Five Hundred Patents Issued Patents were today issued to the number of 495, in addition to which there were issued thirty-eight designs, fifty trade marks, twelve labels and four prints. Of the patents and designs, 471 were issued to citizens of this country and sixty-two to for-eigners. The people of New York received eighty-three patents and designs; Pennsylvania, fifty-two; New Jersey and Ohio, each thirty-two; Illinois, forty-three. The Dis-

Mr. Langley, appointment clerk of the census office, who had an operation for ing well, no unfavorable symptom having loped in his case.

WANTS SPEEDY TRIAL.

Albert S. Trundle Seeks to Compel

Judge Kimball to Act. A proceeding said to be entirely novel in character was instituted this afternoon in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, when Albert S. Trundle, through Attorneys Douglass & Douglass and Levi David, petitioned for a writ of procedendo adjudicium to be directed against Ivory G. Kimball, in his capacity as a judge of the Police Court of the District of Columbia. Justice Bradley, to whom the petition was presented, signed an order directing Judge Kimball to show cause the 22d instant why the writ should not issue. The writ is desired in order to compel Judge Kimball to proceed to judgment, ac-cording to law in the case, of the District of Columbia against Albert S. Trundle, now pending in the Police Court. It is set forth that the 27th of last month

the petitioner was charged in the Police Court with "cruelty to animals." He pleaded "not guilty" and demanded a trial by jury. Acting upon legal advice, he says, he has not worked the horse that figures in the case since the 26th of June. He contends that his arrest was unwarranted, and that he is ready and anxious to proceed to trial. It is further stated that Judge Kimball has refused to give the petitioner a trial, and such refusal is in effect depriving the

The assertion is made that the judge of the Police Court holds daily sessions, and that it is provided by law that the petitioner is entitled to a jury trial, yet nevertheless Judge Kimball refuses to try the case, and says he is unable to give the case, and says he is unable to give the petitioner or his counsel any information whatever as to when the same can be tried. The petitioner therefore claims that he is entitled to have the writ issue so that justice may be done in the premises.

INCREASE IN PENSIONERS. Over Four Thousand Names Added to

the List Last Year. The following memoranda of the work of the pension bureau during the past fiscal year have been prepared

Appropriation, 1900, \$144,000,000; 1901, \$144,000,000; expenditure, 1900, \$138,462,130.-65; 1901, \$138,531,494.11; unexpended, 1900. \$5, 537,869.35; 1901, \$5,468,505.89; excess expenditure, 1901, \$69,353.46. Number pensioners, 1900, 993,529; 1901, 997,834. Inrease, 1901, 4,305. Number deaths, 1900, 35,809; 1901, 38,082. Increase, 1901, 2,273. Claims filed for disabilities incurred in line of duty from April 21, 1898, to June 30, 1901, numbered 45,710; admitted to June 30, 1901, 7,086; adjudicated and rejected, 7,-

Building Permits Issued. Building permits were issued today as

follows: Merchants' Transfer and Storage Com pany, fire-proof transfer depot, eight stories, 920 E street northwest; cost, \$115,000. Theodore A. Harding, three three-story brick dwellings, 1721 to 1725 19th street northwest; cost, \$16,000.

Washington Sanitary Improvement Company, four two-story brick flats, 47 to 53 Bates street northwest; cost, \$15,000. Harry R. Christie, two-story frame dwelling, Fulton street, Brookland; cost, \$2,500. T. Cannon, repairs to 806 8th street north-east; cost, \$350.

Mrs. Mary S. Logan, repairs to dwelling, 13th and Clifton streets, Columbia Heights; cost, \$150. C. R. Truesdell, repairs to 1121 Harvard street, Columbia Heights; cost, \$100.

Prostrations From Heat. James Higgs, colored, thirty-five years

old, living at 709 6th street southeast, was overcome by the heat about 12:30 today while working at Providence Hospital. He was ill when his fellow employes assisted him to the hospital building. The doctors gave him prompt treatment, and he was soon on the road to recovery.

J. P. Bond, a colored laborer, fifty-four years old. was made ill by the heat about noon today while working on C street northeast. He was removed to the Casualty Hospital, where the doctors found his con-

years old, employed as a laborer on the ill this morning from the effects of the heat. He was given treatment Georgetown University Hospital. His condition is not serious.

A board of survey, consisting of Colonel John V. Furey, quartermaster's department: Major Henry B. Moon, 10th Infantry, and Captain George McK. Williamson. quartermaster's department, has been appointed to meet at Philadelphia, Pa., tomorrow for the purpose of reporting upon six garrison flag halliards which have been carried on the return of quartermaster's supplies of Lieutenant Colonel Charles A. McCauley, deputy quartermaster general, and which were found to be short when the property was turned over to Captain Robert Sewell, quartermaster, U. S. A. First Lieutenant Conrad E. Koerper, assistant surgeon, U. S. A., recently appointed now in this city, has been ordered to report for temporary duty at the Washington barracks. First. Lieut. Eleutheros H. Cooke, 10th

Infantry, has been relieved from recruiting duty at Pittsburf, Pa., and ordered to join his regiment at Fort Crook, Neb. fice directing First Lieut, Watts C. Valen-

have been revoked, and instead he will proceed to Philadelphia, Pa., for recruiting Second Lieut, William S. Martin, 1st Infantry, has been transferred to the cavalry arm of the service, and assigned to the 4th Cavalry.
Second Lieut. E. R. W. McCabe, 17th In-

fantry, has been transferred to the 6th Captain W. N. Wright, at Philadelphia has been ordered to temporary duty at Manila, P. I.

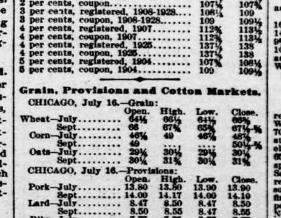
sistant surgeon, recently appointed at Buffalo, N. Y., has been assigned to temporary duty at Columbus barracks, Ohio. sistant surgeon, recently appointed at at the United States Military Academy. First Lieutenant Charles C. Geer, assistant surgeon, recently appointed at Belton, S. C., has been assigned to duty at Fort McPherson, Ga.

Commander W. Goodwin has been de tached from the war college and ordered home, having been granted three months

Lieutenant Commander R. F. Nicholson from the command of the Farragut to the bureau of navigation, Navy Department. Lieutenant Commander H. Kimmell, from Lieutenant Commander W. S. Hogg, to the Washington navy yard on temporary duty for ordnance instructions and other duty as assigned.

Lieut. L. H. Chandler from the bureau of ordnance to the command of the Bailey. Lieut M. L. Bristol, from the Massachusetts to command of the Farragut.

Lieut. J. M. Reeves, from the Toroedo station upon completion of course to the Washington navy yard. Chief Gunner C. H. Venable, retired, to the Wasington navy yard.



FINANCE AND TRADE

Professional Dealing Largely Governs Stock Exchange.

GENERALLY ADVANCED

An Attempted Raid on U. S. Steel

Fails.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, July 16.-In the London

stock market today American railway shares, with the single exception of the United States Steel stocks, were strong. Business in this department, however, was light. In the local stock market at the opening

there was a continuation of the bear cover-

ing and a renewal of inside buying, consequently another recovery in prices followed. The railroad shares showed a tendency to cut loose from the United States Steel issues, the recoveries being the most proncunced in the stocks which were the conspicuous sufferers on last week's break. Reports of showers and a much cooler temperature generally in the corn belt were the bull factors in the early trading.

In the railway list St. Paul advanced 21/2. Atchison 2%, Union Pacific 2%, Southern Pacific 24, Denver preferred 2, and a score of other less active issues advanced 1 per cent or more. In the industrial list Sugar rose 2 per

cent, notwithstanding yesterday's cut of 10 points in the price of refined sugar by the Arbuckle Company.

Amalgamated Copper gained nearly 2 per cent and People's Gas advanced over a point. The local traction stocks were much stronger in sympathy with the general

speculation.

General Electric and Continental Gas also scored sharp advances. Just before the delivery hour a determined effort was made to break the United States Steel stocks, two prominent brokers selling 5,000 shares each, but only one-quarter of 1 per cent reaction followed these sales. It looked as though this selling of the Steel shares was engineered for the purpose of affecting the general list to facilitate the covering of short contracts by the bears. If this was the object, it failed signally, as the railway list remained steady, and as soon as support was noticed in the Steel issues the general market started again on another rally.

In the late trading the market behaved very well, and there was moderate buying of stocks by commission houses, something that has not been in evidence for the past three days. It looks as though the rally ought to last a day or two yet, as there is unquestionably a very large short interest in the market, and it is not unlikely that some of the larger bear operators turned bulls yesterday when the market looked weakest, in order to shake off some of their "short-waisted" followers. The subtreas-ury was debtor to the clearing house this morning for \$2,000,000, of which \$500,000 was Klondike gold. A president of one of the anthracite coal roads said this afternoon that he did not think the miners were in sympathy with the firemen in the present Reading strike, and therefore he does not look for a protracted strike of the firemen Money loaned as low as 1 per cent.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

New York Stock Market. Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bankers and brokers, 1419 F st., members New York stock exchange, correspondents Messrs. La-denburg, Thalmann & Co., New York.

American Tobacco. Baltimore & Ohio, pfd ... BrooklynRapid Transit. Chesapeake & Ohio...... Chicago, B. & Q..... Chic. & Northwestern.... . M. and St. Paul Col. Fuel and Iron..... Delaware & Hudson Illinois Central. dissouri l'actic.

New Jersey Central 157 New York Central.... orthern Pacific, pfd Pennsylvanie R. R. Southern Railway lenu. Coal and Iron..... Union Pacific

Leather, pfd., Western Union Tel. Washington Stock Exchange.

1083, bid, 1093, asked.

National Bank Stocks.—Bank of Washington, 375 bid. Metropolitan, 725 bid, 775 asked. Central, 226 bid. Farmers and Mechanics', 215 bid. Second, 195 bid. Citizens', 170 bid. Columbia, 170 bid, 180 asked. Capital, 155 bid, 170 asked. West End, 120 bid, 127 asked. Traders', 131 bid. Lincoln, 120 bid, 125 asked.

Railroad Stocks.—Capital Traction, 102½ bid, 102% asked. City and Suburban, 30 asked.

Insurance Stocks.—Eiremen's, 25 bid, 30 asked. Franklin, 43 bid, 50 asked. Metropolitan, 75 bid, 80 asked. Corcoran, 60 bid. Potomac, 70 asked. Arlington, 27 bid. German-American, 210 bid. National Union, 8% bid, 9 asked. Columbia, 10 bid. Riggs, 7% bid, 8 asked. People's, 6 bid, 6% asked. Commercial, 4 bid, 5 asked. Colonial, 115 asked.